

# 2018-2019 Teacher Educator Institute

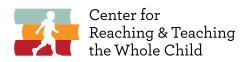
Cohort Two Follow-Up Evaluation Report *July 2019* 

www.crtwc.org

Report prepared by Lotus Consulting Group

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The mission of the Center for Reaching & Teaching the Whole Child (CRTWC) is to enhance school capacity to meet the needs of children and those educators who work with them, by bringing social, emotional, and cultural (SEC) skills and practices into teacher preparation. Central to CRTWC's work has been their Social, Emotional, and Cultural (SEC) Anchor Competencies Framework (also known as the SEC Anchor Competencies Schema, see Appendix A), which identifies the seven SEC anchor competencies, examples of teacher moves that correspond with each of these competencies and the broader goals and context. The Anchor Competencies Framework was developed to help teacher candidates, teacher educators, university supervisors and cooperating teachers focus on key social, emotional, and cultural competencies and to offer sample strategies to bring this work to life in the classroom. CRTWC's signature program, the Teacher Educator Institute (TEI), works with teacher educators in K-12 preservice teacher preparation programs over the course of 10 months including two in-person retreats, four cohort-wide online professional development sessions (called "Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings") and online institutional sessions with each participating university (called "Individual Program Meetings"). These in person and online sessions are intended to scale the integration of the SEC Anchor Competencies Framework by supporting program development and a cross-institutional learning community in order to further deepen Fellow understanding and application of social, emotional, and cultural competencies, and to build awareness and integration of SEC competencies into the institutional contexts in which Fellows work. According to its Program Logic Model (see Appendix B), the TEI's goal is to "advance reform in teacher education to fully embed social, emotional, and cultural competencies, viewing them as essential to the advancement of an equitable education for all students." In 2018-2019, the Institute launched its second cohort of Fellows with thirty individuals representing seven accredited teacher education programs across the country.

At the start of the Institute, CRTWC staff referred to social, emotional, and cultural competencies as two distinct concepts - social-emotional learning (SEL), also referred to as social-emotional dimensions of teaching and learning (SEDTL), and culturally responsive teaching (CRT), which were seen as closely related but distinct. The Center has since furthered its understanding of these concepts to be integrally connected to one another, and therefore now refers to them as "social, emotional, and cultural (SEC) competencies." However, the survey items and most of the quotes from TEI Fellows in both cohorts may still refer to these SEC competencies using the older terminology of SEL/CRT or SEDTL/CRT.

CRTWC documented and evaluated the work of the 2018-2019 TEI using a mixed methods approach to collect both quantitative and qualitative data. These methods included a Pre/Post Survey among TEI Fellows, a Pre/ Post Survey among TEI Institutions that was completed collectively, one focus group, key informant interviews, and review of artifacts and program documentation from participating teacher preparation programs. The data that were collected through these methods were framed using an Impact Framework to measure outcomes based on target groups.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Participating universities include California State University (CSU), Long Beach, San José State University, CalState TEACH North and South, Northeastern Illinois University, University of California, San Diego, University of La Verne and University of the Pacific. When the second cohort of TEI was launched in fall of 2018, CalState TEACH recognized themselves as two distinct organizations/programs - CalState TEACH North and South. By June 2019, due to changes in organizational leadership, they shifted to perceive themselves as a consolidated state-wide program.

Highlights of findings from the 2018-2019 TEI evaluation include the following:

- Across all of the TEI's original program goals, half or more of respondents rated the TEI as being "very
  effective" or "extremely effective." Goals that were rated highest were for integrating teacher and student
  social-emotional skills development within ongoing courses/program; providing resources to incorporate
  SEL/CRT into K-12 teacher preparation programs, and developing the understanding and ability to apply the
  CRTWC Anchor Competencies Framework to guide course revision.
- 96% of the TEI Fellows reported that they would recommend participation in the TEI to other teacher educators.
- The TEI's learning community and the collaboration and discussions that happened within this community were highlighted as a highly valued feature of the Institute. Eighty-eight percent (88%) of TEI Fellows reported that being part of a learning community of like-minded educators working toward a common goal was "very useful" or "extremely useful."
- The TEI Fellows Survey found increases in ratings related to the knowledge and application of SEL, CRT and the connection between the two in teaching/learning practices. These differences were found to be statistically significant.
- Qualitative data from the Fellows Surveys confirmed the findings above about the value of the TEI's learning community. Fellows appreciated the chance to collaborate with like-minded colleagues, learn from and connect with others who were doing this work and have meaningful conversations about social, emotional, and cultural issues.
- 88% of responding TEI Fellows expressed interest in continuing to be a part of this learning community with CRTWC providing some form of support.
- Nearly all TEI Fellows integrated SEC competencies into their current teaching practices and all but one revised their course curricula to embed SEC competencies. Only 2-3 universities added SEC language into their program's institutional documents and processes and/or hired SEC experts to embed these competencies into their teacher preparation program. More than half of TEI Fellows utilized strategies that went beyond their own classrooms and attempted to institutionalize SEC such as providing SEC training or support to faculty or supporting staff, creating or convening committees, or assessing program-wide needs around SEC-related content.
- Quantitative data from the Institutional Survey found positive trends in group perceptions of their own department's work on SEC, of the proportion of program faculty embracing SEC as a core part of their teaching and learning, and a range of ways that SEC integration could be demonstrated.

Findings across all data sources identified key leverage points and lessons learned in creating institutional change as it pertains to integrating SEC competencies into the teacher preparation programs of Fellows.

- Key leverage points are critical components that provide the context for which institutional change is possible within teacher preparation programs. Without these, change is challenging. Key leverage points identified through findings from both the Cohort One and Cohort Two TEI studies include: 1) buy-in and support of high-level leadership, 2) cultural buy-in of the majority of the broader program faculty, 3) institutional and state-level policies and mandates and 4) commitment of resources including time and funding.
- Competing priorities that exist in university or other program settings can impede progress.
- There is a need for using a common language and framework related to SEC competencies.
- Faculty and staff are at various starting points in developing their SEC competencies.
- Efforts to create institutional change must be sustained over time.
- Developing SEC competencies is most effectively accomplished through the creation of a professional learning community.
- There is a need to align this work across all educators and their practices within teacher preparation programs.

• There is a need for evidence showing the impact of building the SEC competencies of teacher candidates.

The report concludes by underscoring the ultimate take-away of the findings, that institutional change in teacher preparation programs is possible and is currently happening with the right levers of change. It also offers the following recommendations for funders, administrators, teacher educators and other stakeholders to continue to advance this work:

- Facilitate ongoing sharing of SEC-related scholarship, conferences, journals and resources.
- Develop a larger consortium of TEI Fellows that grows over time.
- Conduct a broad assessment of needs and resources available related to SEC competencies across the continuum of teacher support including pre-service programs, and new and veteran teacher support.
- Identify guidelines for integrating SEC competencies into teacher preparation programs including examples of classroom-based and institutional strategies.
- Conduct research on the downstream impact of building social, emotional, and cultural competencies among teachers and students.

## INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

# Social, Emotional, and Cultural Competencies and Why They Matter

CRTWC defines Social, Emotional, and Cultural (SEC) Anchor Competencies as the seven teachable competencies that integrate social-emotional learning skills and culturally responsive pedagogy (see Appendix A). These competencies include building trusting relationships, fostering self reflection, fostering growth mindset, cultivating perseverance, creating community, promoting collaborative learning and responding constructively across differences. The competencies are intended to be integrated throughout the curriculum and as part of the learning environment. SEC competencies need to be explicitly taught in both university teacher preparation and K-12 classrooms. In the last decade, there has been a growing interest in fostering K-12 student social, emotional, and cultural skills and competencies in response to research findings that establish a strong correlation between the development of SEC competence and K-12 student academic success (e.g., Durlak, Weissberg, Taylor & Schellinger, 2011). Teachers need to develop their own social, emotional, and cultural competencies to cultivate resilience and effectively foster cognitive and socialemotional learning among students (Brackett & Kremenitzer, 2011). Teachers must also attend to the sociopolitical and cultural context in which students live through culturally relevant practices (Ladson-Billings, 1995). As teacher preparation programs work to prepare future teachers to be effective in the classroom, they need to integrate SEC competencies explicitly in order to address teacher performance expectations (Cressey, Bettencourt, Donahue-Keegan, Villegas-Reimers & Wong, 2017) and best meet the needs of K-12 students.

# About the Center for Reaching and Teaching the Whole Child

To respond to this need, the Center for Reaching and Teaching the Whole Child (CRTWC) was founded in 2008 by Nancy Lourié Markowitz, Professor of Education at San José State University at the time. CRTWC's mission is to enhance school capacity to meet the needs of children and those educators who work with them, by bringing together social-emotional cultural skills and practices in teacher preparation. The Center's work focuses on both teachers and learners in K-12 preservice teacher preparation, and is guided by the premise that attention to social, emotional, and cultural (SEC) competencies is a critical academic intervention that is accomplished through the development and application of an "SEC lens." Central to CRTWC's work has been their Social, Emotional, and Cultural (SEC) Anchor Competencies Framework (also known as the SEC Anchor Competencies Schema, see Appendix A), which identifies the seven SEC anchor competencies, examples of teacher moves that correspond with each of these competencies, and their broader goals and context. The Anchor Competencies Framework was developed to help teacher candidates, teacher educators, university supervisors and cooperating teachers focus on key SEC competencies and to offer sample strategies to bring this work to life in the classroom.

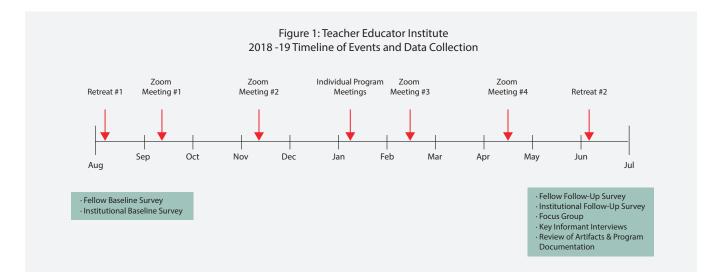
### About the Teacher Educator Institute

CRTWC's signature program is its Teacher Educator Institute (TEI), which was designed by using the K-12 Multiple Subject credential program at San José State University (SJSU) as the focus of a pilot project to integrate SEC competencies and practices into teacher preparation. This work was later expanded to include SJSU's Secondary/Single Subject credential program. CRTWC piloted the TEI in 2017-2018 with twelve participating Fellows representing five teacher preparation programs and universities. The Institute launched its second cohort of Fellows with thirty Fellows representing seven accredited teacher education programs across the country<sup>2</sup> from August 2018 through June 2019.

The 2018-2019 TEI structure included two in-person retreats (August 2018, June 2019), four video conference calls also referred to as "Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings" (September 2018, November 2018, February 2019, April 2019), and one mid-year individual program meeting with each program team also called "Individual Program Meetings" (dates varied). Held at the Jesuit Retreat Center in Los Altos Hills, CA, Retreat #1 was a four-day, in-person retreat that laid the foundation for the Institute by providing a common language around social, emotional, and cultural

<sup>2</sup> Participating universities include California State University (CSU), Long Beach, San José State University, CalState TEACH, Northeastern Illinois University, University of California, San Diego, University of La Verne and University of the Pacific.

(SEC) competencies, introducing the SEC Anchor Competencies Framework, starting the process of building a professional learning community and giving Fellows the opportunity to begin developing an "SEC lens" and a subsequent Plan of Action for the year. The Zoom™ meetings provided opportunities for Fellows to engage in the content and practice of using an "SEC lens" through interactive activities such as video analyses, case studies and discussions to share strategies and examples of how Fellows were increasing collegial and personal understanding and application of this "SEC lens" within the context of their respective programs. Due to the size of the group, the Zoom™ meetings were held twice over two days with half of the group participating in either meeting. The mid-year Individual Program Meetings were held separately with participating Fellows from each university teacher education program and provided every team with the opportunity to report progress on their Plan of Action and to receive feedback and guidance on program-specific strategies and challenges. The whole group came back together in June 2019 for Retreat #2, in which Fellows had an opportunity to share their progress regarding the SEC work within their respective institutions, further deepen their understanding and application of the Anchor Competencies Framework through interactive activities and examples of teacher moves by guest speakers and presenters, and to continue dialoguing around SEC-related issues. Figure 1 below illustrates a timeline of the 2018-2019 TEI's key events and data collection process.



# **About this Report**

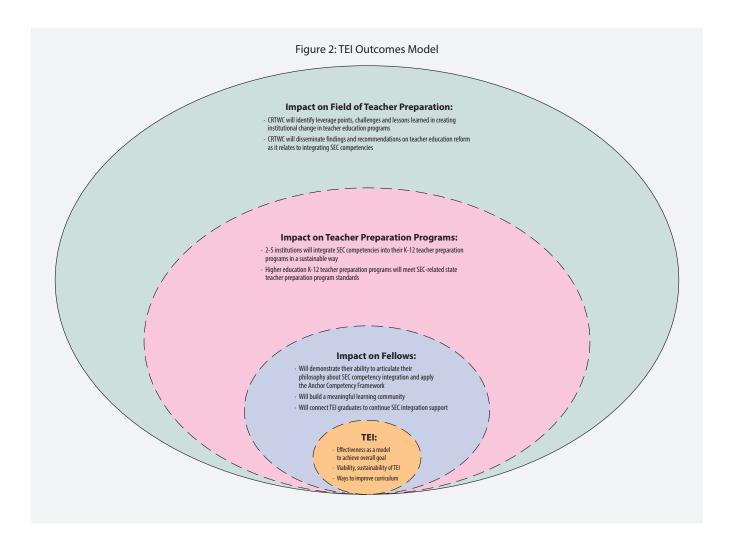
In August of 2018, CRTWC received a generous grant from the Silver Giving Foundation to continue its second year of the TEI including its 2018-2019 evaluation, and hired Lotus Consulting Group to design and conduct this evaluation as well as a Follow-Up Study to the Cohort 1 Evaluation Report completed last year. The current report presents the findings of the TEI's Cohort 2 evaluation activities in 2018-2019.



#### THE TEI OUTCOMES MODEL

#### **The TEI Outcomes Model**

According to its Program Logic Model (see Appendix B), the TEI's overall goal is to "advance reform in teacher education to fully embed social, emotional, and cultural competencies, viewing them as essential to the advancement of an equitable education for all students." From its outset the TEI has been structured to enact this goal at both the program and systems-level of teacher education. At the program-level TEI aims to provide resources and instruction to support Fellows at their institutions with the broader goal of systems-level influence where key lessons learned can be applied to other university settings. The TEI's desired outcomes can also be thought of in terms of their impact on various target groups. Figure 2 below illustrates these outcomes as it relates to the success of the TEI as a program model (shown in yellow) and the potential impacts it has had on various target groups (shown in blue, pink and green). It should be noted that there is overlap in the impact of the TEI as it relates to these target groups (illustrated by dotted lines). TEI accomplishes its outcomes through the deliberate and developmental progression of Institute activities (see Figure 1 above), and throughout this process Fellows impact the integration of social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their own practice, program and university, which in turn influences the field of teacher education.



#### **Research Questions**

Using the TEI Outcomes Model in Figure 2, the TEI's 2018-2019 evaluation design and activities were driven by the following research questions.

#### TEI as a Program Model:

- Was the TEI effective in achieving its program goals and objectives?
- How useful were the specific TEI components (e.g., retreats, Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings)?
- Which components of the TEI program were most and least useful to Fellows?
- How viable and scalable is the TEI as a program model?
- How could the TEI improve its curriculum?

#### Impact of the TEI on Fellows:

- What impact did the TEI have on participating Fellows?
- To what extent were Fellows able to demonstrate their ability to articulate their philosophy about SEC competency integration and apply the Anchor Competencies Framework?
- Did Fellows implement strategies for integrating SEC competencies into their respective teacher preparation program courses and fieldwork, and if so, which ones?
- Are Fellows interested in staying connected to one another after their completion of the Institute, and if so, in what ways?
- Are Fellows interested in continuing to receive support from CRTWC in integrating social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their teacher preparation programs, and if so, what would this potentially look like?

#### Impact on Teacher Preparation Programs:

- What impact did the TEI have on the K-12 teacher preparation programs that participated in integrating social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their courses and fieldwork?
- To what extent did the TEI help participating programs meet SEC-related state teacher preparation program standards, if at all?

#### Impact on Broader Field of Teacher Education:

- Is institutional change in teacher preparation programs possible, and if so, what are the key leverage points, challenges and lessons learned in the process of institutionalizing these SEC competencies in teacher preparation programs?
- How can lessons learned from administering the TEI be shared with the broader field of teacher education to have a systems-level impact?
- How can CRTWC continue to support and contribute to the field of teacher education as it relates to integrating social, emotional, and cultural competencies?
- How can additional teacher preparation programs be encouraged to participate in future TEIs?

### METHODOLOGY

In order to answer these research questions, the 2018-2019 TEI evaluation used a mixed methods approach to collect both quantitative and qualitative data. Data collection methods utilized for this study included:

- TEI Fellow Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys: TEI Fellows were asked to complete online Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys in which many of the same questions were asked on both (see Appendix D). The Baseline Survey, which was administered in the days leading up to Retreat #1, gauged Fellow understanding of the SEC concepts and identified personal goals for participating in the program. The TEI Fellow Follow-Up Survey was completed by individuals at Retreat #2, gauged their personal level of understanding and application of the Anchor Competencies Framework and asked them to assess the usefulness of the Institute. Both surveys were administered and completed online through Surveymonkey<sup>™</sup>. The Fellow Baseline Survey yielded a response rate of 97% (N=29), and the Fellow Follow-Up Survey yielded a response rate of 83% (N=26).
- TEI Institutional Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys: The TEI Institutional Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys (see Appendix E) were completed collectively in groups representing each university/teacher preparation program at Retreats #1 and #2, respectively. Institutional Surveys asked Fellows to assess their program in regard to the value placed upon and application of an "SEC lens" before and after participation in the Institute, areas of greatest progress made, challenges faced, and lessons learned during the Institute. Fellows were provided time during both retreats to complete the Institutional Surveys in a group and were asked to collectively submit one set of responses again through Surveymonkey<sup>™</sup>. All seven universities completed both the Institutional Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys.
- Focus Groups: During the final June 2019 retreat, the research consultant conducted a focus group comprised of one representative from each participating university/teacher preparation program. The topic of this focus group was lessons learned about making institutional change using the SEC Anchor Competencies Framework and the TEI as a case study, including key components needed to make lasting institutional change and challenges faced in making these changes.
- Key Informant Interview with Program Directors: In mid-June 2019, the research consultant conducted two key informant interviews, one with CRTWC's Executive Director and another with the Assistant Director, to discuss their thoughts and reflections on the impact that the 2018-2019 TEI has made on participating teacher preparation programs including key components needed to make institutional change, challenges faced in creating this change and the TEI as a model in achieving the overall goal of having universities fully embed social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their teacher preparation programs.
- Review of Artifacts and Program Documentation: After attending Retreat #1, the TEI Fellows were asked to submit a Plan of Action outlining steps they were committed to taking throughout the year to apply their knowledge and understanding of an "SEC lens" to their university's teacher preparation programs. At the end of the year, they were also asked to submit revised course syllabi and/or program descriptions of activities, assignments and resources supporting development of a teacher candidate "SEC lens." Review of these documents was part of the data analysis process. The TEI's research consultant attended all TEI-related program events including the two retreats, Cohort Zoom™ meetings as well as Institutional Program Meetings in order to document and observe the TEI Fellow experience.

Due to the small sample sizes, interpretation of quantitative analysis used in this study were quite limited. However, the quantitative data were useful in identifying general trends in TEI Fellow and Institutional experiences including the extent to which their knowledge and application of SEC competencies increased, which TEI components were found to be most effective and their perceptions of the overall progress that their universities/teacher preparation programs have made related to building SEC competencies.

#### **EFFECTIVENESS OF TEI AS A PROGRAM MODEL**

The 2018-2019 TEI goals were to:

- 1. Promote attention to the development of both Fellow and K-12 student social, emotional, and cultural competencies within ongoing courses/programs.
- 2. Facilitate understanding of, and ability to use the SEC Anchor Competencies Framework to respond to new statewide Teacher Performance Expectations (TPEs), by integrating SEC competencies into coursework and fieldwork.
- 3. Develop Fellow ability to use an "SEC lens" to guide their instructional practice.
- 4. Provide resources created by CRTWC to integrate SEC competencies into Fellow K-12 teacher preparation programs.
- 5. Offer strategies and support to institutionalize SEC competencies into Fellow teacher preparation programs.
- 6. Create a professional learning community for Fellows engaged in programmatic change and research.

"TEI was powerful, transformative and educational. It achieved its goals and inspired me."

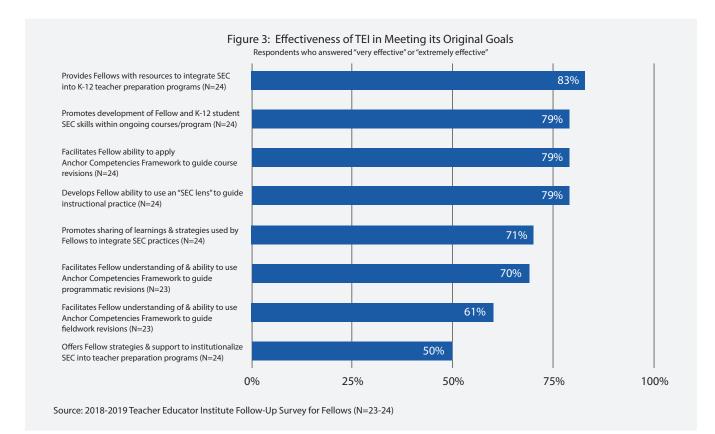
-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

"The information provided was well-organized and thoughtful and is directly applicable to our experience in teacher education. The videos and discussion by faculty, supervisors and cooperating teachers assisted with understanding the application of SEC content. The continuous support and modeling provided by the CRTWC make this integration and application possible."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

### Effectiveness of the TEI in Meeting its Goals

On the TEI Fellow Survey, Fellows were asked to rate the effectiveness of the TEI in meeting the original goals listed above on a scale of 1 to 5 with 1=not at all effective; 2=a little effective; 3=somewhat effective; 4=very effective and 5=extremely effective. The percentage of respondents (50-83%) who rated the TEI as "very effective" or "extremely effective" in meeting these goals is illustrated in Figure 3. Across all of the TEI's goals, half or more of respondents perceived the TEI to be "very effective" or "extremely effective."



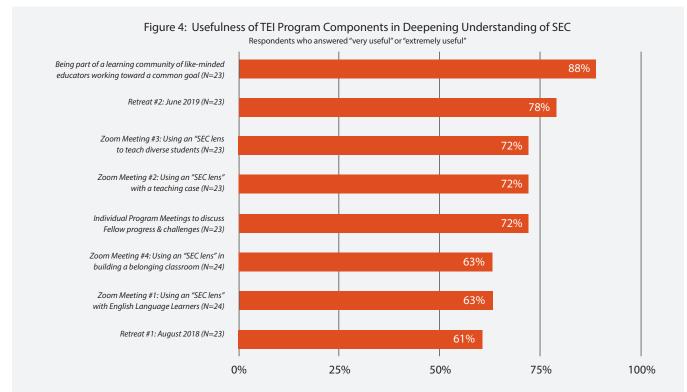
The areas with the highest percentages of effectiveness in meeting TEI goals were found to be providing resources to integrate SEC into K-12 teacher preparation programs; promoting development of Fellow and K-12 student SEC skills within ongoing courses/program; facilitating Fellow ability to apply the Anchor Competencies Framework to guide course revisions; and developing Fellow abilities to use an "SEC lens" to guide their instructional practice.

Furthermore, when asked if Fellows would recommend participation in the TEI to other teacher educators, 23 of the 24 respondents (or 96%) said, "yes."

#### **Usefulness of the TEI's Program Components**

Using the same 5-point scale as above, TEI Fellows were also asked to rate the usefulness of the unique program components of the Institute in deepening their understanding of their "SEC lens." The most useful program components were found to be the learning community and Retreat #2 as shown in Figure 4.

Other aspects of the Institute that were not included in the answer options but that Fellows found useful included networking and building trust and a safe community among the Fellows in order to have honest discussions on tough topics, the timeliness of responses from the TEI instructors, resources provided on the shared Google Drive and responsiveness to feedback and presentations by guest speakers during the retreats.



Source: 2018-2019 Teacher Educator Institute Follow-Up Survey for Fellows (N=23-24)

"I think that it would have been helpful just to call this an SEC (or culturally informed) SEL Institute and not try to do both SEL/CRT if the CRT isn't going to be done at a critical level. This was much better at retreat 2, but CRT is so deep (as is SEL), and I think there's just too much to engage with and that both components require a lot of unpacking and change over time..."Culturally informed SEL" would acknowledge that there is a cultural component but emphasize the SEL so people know what they're getting into."

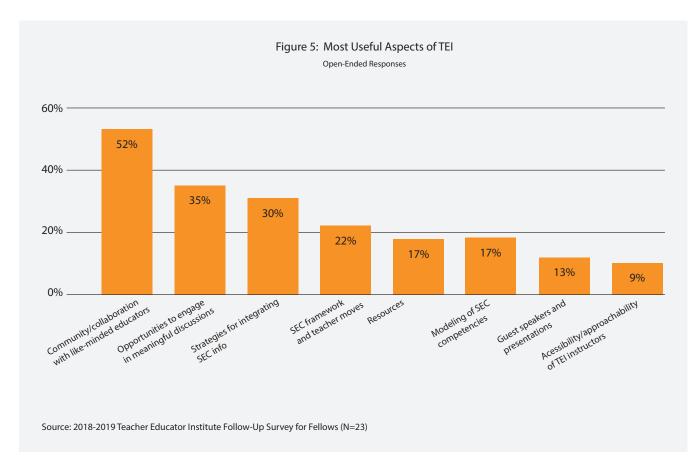
-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

"I think TEI is the best way to educate people about this work and to provide motivation and support."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

### Most Useful Aspects of the TEI

When asked an open-ended question about the most useful 1-2 aspects of the Institute, responses were similar with *community/collaboration with like-minded educators* and *opportunities to engage in meaningful discussions* at the top of the list as shown in Figure 5.



### Ways to Improve the TEI Curriculum

TEI Fellows had several recommendations for improving the TEI curriculum. Each item below represents a recommendation that was mentioned by one Fellow, unless otherwise noted.

- More in-depth exploration of culturally responsive teaching/pedagogy (4 respondents)
- More time spent learning from and with other professionals that are doing this work
- Additional opportunities to meet 1:1 with program directors to review curriculum and determine ways to integrate social, emotional, and cultural competencies throughout the program and coursework (2 respondents)
- · More interactive/hands-on activities to replace lectures
- · Give Fellows options to choose paper or digital materials
- Feedback about retreat:
- Retreats were one day too long
- No panel discussion for first retreat
- 1st retreat seemed a bit less substantive

- Make sharing of yearly projects more formal
- Improve literacy presentation
- Coaching or facilitation of discussion to ensure that everyone has a chance to contribute
- Feedback about Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings:
- Have fewer Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings
- Share recordings with all Fellows

In their key informant interviews, the Executive and Assistant Directors also suggested eliminating the last half-day of the retreat. It was also noted that the final retreat agenda was "overly ambitious," but that following the dynamic of the group and remaining "fluid" was an important part of the TEI's success. Other thoughts for improving the Institute included providing more time to process and reflect on the content both during the retreat and throughout the TEI through prompts and questions, and addressing the challenge of some people who were not fully engaged in the retreat program due to distractions such as checking smartphones, laptops, etc.

# Viability and Sustainability of the TEI

In its pilot year (2017-2018), the TEI had twelve individuals representing five universities. In 2018-2019, there were a combined 30 individuals representing seven universities/teacher preparation programs. Although CRTWC does not currently have plans to hold a 2019-2020 Teacher Educator Institute, the Center's Executive Director is in talks with education administrators including the California State University Chancellor's Office about partnering at the state-level to bring this work to additional teacher educators across the state of California beginning in 2020-2021. In addition, several TEI Fellows have indicated interest in attending a future TEI.

Additionally, CRTWC is working to grow its organizational capacity and identify a viable and sustainable funding model in order to support TEI's growth and the Center's work for the long-term. Ideas that are currently being considered include:

- Identifying other universities to host future Institutes
- Creating state and regional training centers
- Modifying the Institute to be a "train-the-trainer" model
- Utilizing a fee-for-service model in providing training and technical assistance to teacher preparation programs and other institutions

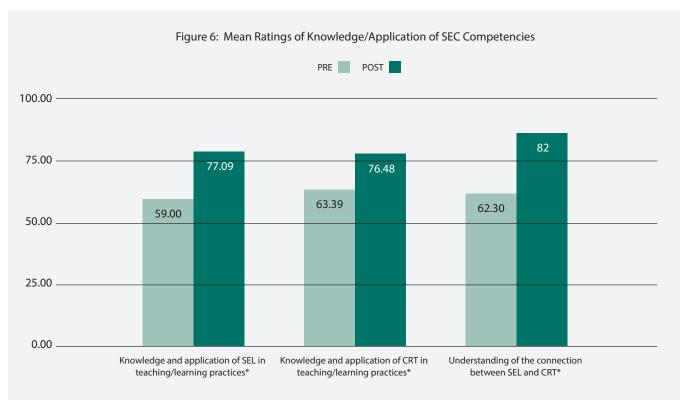
"My understanding of social emotional learning and culturally responsive teaching has both deepened and expanded as an outcome of my participation in TEI. The SEL/CRT Anchor Competencies Framework is invaluable. The integration of instructional focus and strategies (teacher moves) serves as an excellent guide to support 'SEC' in the classroom. In addition, the opportunity to have discourse with other teacher educators, share ideas, implementation challenges and successes was very useful to me and our team. The resources provided will serve as a foundation for our continual SEL/CRT efforts."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

### IMPACT OF THE TEI ON PARTICIPATING FELLOWS

#### Increasing Knowledge and Application of Social, Emotional, and Cultural Anchor Competencies

The TEI Fellow Survey asked respondents on a scale of 1 to 100 to rate their own level of knowledge and application of social-emotional learning/teaching, culturally responsive learning/teaching and their understanding of the connection between the two. Figure 6 illustrates the mean ratings of related question items at pre and post. Mean differences between pre and post ratings were found to be statistically significant for all three (SEL, CRT, and SEL/CRT at the p<0.05 level)<sup>3</sup>. Mean ratings from pre to post increased by 31% for the survey item related to knowledge and application of SEL, by 21% for the survey item related to the knowledge and application of CRT and by 32% for the survey item related to understanding the connection between SEL and CRT.



Source: 2018-2019 Teacher Educator Institute Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys for Fellows (N=23). Items with \* were found to be statistically significant.

# "TEI was simply...a powerful learning experience!"

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

"I feel so grateful that I have been able to participate in this program and revise my courses. This, in turn, has inspired my colleagues as well. I have been in awe of how much our teacher candidates have embraced the things I have shared from this Institute."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

<sup>3</sup> Due to small sample size, results should be interpreted with caution.

### **TEI's Learning Community**

A recent study identified seven widely shared features of effective teacher professional development: 1) is content-focused; 2) incorporates active learning; 3) supports collaboration; 4) uses models of effective practice; 5) provides coaching and expert support; 6) offers feedback and reflection; and 7) is of sustained duration (Darling-Hammond, Hyler, Gardner, and Espinoza, 2017). The TEI has all of these features and was intentionally designed with these in mind. The Assistant Director explained this in her own words:

"With the first retreat and follow-up Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings, we had set the stage so that we can in 1.5 hours have very rich professional development sessions and also share successes and challenges. Without the retreat, we may not have had the same level of trust...We are practicing what we preach, building our own competencies, building a sense of community, responding constructively to differences. Unless you build this trust over time, we can't expect teacher educators to develop this work and then take this to their own universities."

Quantitative data presented in Figures 4 and 5 above suggest that the TEI's learning community emerged as a highly valued feature of the Institute. Support for this finding is also reflected in open-ended comments from the surveys and observations conducted by the researcher.

"[The most useful aspect of the TEI] was the community and the open and inclusive space."

"Collaboration with like-minded colleagues, and the opportunity to talk about sensitive topics to learn more."

"The opportunity to have discourse with other teacher educators, share ideas, implementation challenges and successes was very useful to me and our team."

"[The most useful aspect of the TEI] was the sharing of other professionals that are doing this work - their learning and process."

"The culture of community built during our retreats. Also the specific stories of other participant groups that outlined specifics that they have begun during this first year."

"Deep, collaborative learning from TEI Fellows that will lead to collaboration beyond the Institute."

"Opening up topics of conversations that need to be addressed and modeling how to have those conversations. Making connections with like-minded teacher educators."

"Connecting with others doing similar work. The progression toward deeper and more racially salient conversations."

"Creating collegial connections with people from other institutions and strengthening those connections within our own organizations."

"The discussions with like-minded, passionate teacher educators."

"The engagement with the community of people committed to learning about SEL/CRT."

"Connecting with others and the valuable resources."

"Deep dialogue."

### **Connecting TEI Graduates to Continue Supporting Their Work**

When asked if TEI Fellows would be interested in being part of a learning community extending beyond the life of the Institute, 88% of respondents (or 22 of 25) said that they would. Two were not sure, and one did not wish to continue involvement.

Those who were interested in continuing to be a part of this learning community indicated that they would like to see CRTWC provide the following supports, in order of frequency, to help move their work forward:

- Another group retreat (73%)
- Conference or in-person meeting with other TEI Fellows (73%)<sup>4</sup>
- Being part of a larger consortium of TEI Fellows that grows over time (73%)
- Being part of a public or closed Facebook<sup>™</sup> group made up of TEI Fellows and other like-minded educators (55%)
- Contract to provide support for universities or teacher education programs as needed (45%) (N=22)

Other responses included future Zoom<sup>™</sup> meetings (quarterly, periodic) with the CRTWC's Executive Director sharing updates or new materials/ideas with TEI Fellows, another group retreat available for new Fellows, TEI Fellows participating as table guides at subsequent retreats with new Fellows, a continued community, site visits to participating universities to see best practices in action with time for debrief, and having faculty from the group write or present together at a conference.

#### **Impact of Participating Fellows on the TEI**

Compared to their counterparts in Cohort One, Cohort Two Fellows were more racially and ethnically diverse and had a higher level of awareness, experience and expertise in issues related to culturally responsive teaching. This difference was especially pronounced for CalState TEACH, and CSU, Long Beach Fellows who had completed (concurrently with TEI) a separate year-long training in culturally responsive teaching for teacher educators. This heightened level of awareness and the fact that the learning community created a safe and brave environment for mutual sharing and understanding led to meaningful and challenging discourse, despite some conflicting views among Fellows. These sorts of discussions among the Fellows made an impact on the very Institute itself by deepening the level and understanding of culturally responsive teaching and learning. CRTWC's Executive Director/TEI instructor said,

"As we have explored issues related to culturally responsive teaching and learning, the meaningful discourse that has occurred among TEI Fellows both at the retreats and during Zoom<sup>™</sup> calls have deepened the understanding of the nuances and complexities of structural racism, culture and identity and how these forces play themselves out in the classroom. This has not only had a lasting impact on the Fellows but has influenced the Institute itself."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Plans are currently underway to convene Cohort Two Fellows at the California Council on Teacher Education meeting on October 17-19, 2019 in San Diego, which is being chaired by one of the Cohort Two Fellows. CRTWC's Executive and Assistant Directors are among the keynote speakers.

#### **IMPACT OF THE TEI ON K-12 TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS**

## Implementing Strategies for Integrating SEC Competencies into K-12 Teacher Preparation Programs

In thinking about the context in which TEI Fellows were applying what they learned to their work, it is useful to understand the range of structure, scope and mode of program delivery represented by participating TEI teacher preparation programs. Appendix C provides brief descriptions of how each teacher preparation program is structured. The often disparate nature of these programs working across multiple departments and entities provide some context for the complex environments in which Fellows are employed and the challenges involved in developing SEC competencies and integrating these practices into existing structures.

One of the main goals of the TEI was for participating universities/departments to integrate social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their teacher preparation programs. While the TEI provided the resources, tools, support and accountability to facilitate this, it was up to the individuals to decide which strategies they would utilize given where their respective institutions were with respect to SEC development. At the start of the Institute, the Institutional Survey asked groups to rate where they perceived their program to be in terms of their SEC work. Three of the seven TEI institutions reported "aiming to integrate SEL/CRT throughout their program but just getting started," another three reported "having a few disconnected SEL/CRT efforts," and one had "not incorporated SEL/CRT into their program yet but hoped to." Another question on the Institutional Survey asked Fellows to evaluate their department in terms of being "ripe" or "ready" for SEL/CRT integration. As part of this process, institutions were asked to create and submit a series of deliverables including a plan of action articulating how they planned to integrate social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their teacher preparation programs, a matrix explaining how SEC competencies had been integrated into their program's coursework and an account of their program's successes and challenges. As of July 26, 2019, three programs had still not turned in their assigned deliverables. Figure 7 on the following page represents efforts to incorporate each strategy as supported by data from the surveys, notes from Institute retreats and the deliverables that had been submitted as of the date of this report.

Figure 7: Strategies Used to Build Social, Emotional, and Cultural Competencies into Teacher Preparation Programs

	Strategy	CalState TEACH	CSU, Long Beach	Northeastern Illinois University	San José State University	UC San Diego	University of La Verne	University of the Pacific
Classroom- based strategies	Integrated SEC competencies into current teaching practices	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Created new courses or revised existing course syllabi/curricula to integrate SEC competencies	×	×		×	×	×	×
	Created new or revised tools and templates that promote integration of SEC competencies into teaching and learning		×		×	×	×	×
	Provided SEC training or support to faculty, supervisors or cooperating teachers	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	Created or convened formal or informal committees to discuss and work on SEC competencies	×	×	×	×	×	×	
	Assessed needs and practices related to SEC competencies across the program	×	×	×			×	×
	Adopted an SEC framework <sup>1</sup>				×	×		×
	Added SEC language in program description, selection process with teacher candidates, supervisors, cooperating teachers and/or partner organizations or other institutional processes such as accreditation	×			×		×	
<ul> <li>Institutional</li> <li>strategies</li> </ul>	Hired experts focused on integrating SEC competencies into curriculum and/or program	×				×		

<sup>1</sup> San José State University and University of the Pacific had already adopted the CRTWC Anchor Competencies Framework at the start of the Institute.

Concrete examples from participating universities of the strategies included in Figure 7 above provide insight into efforts that were made to incorporate each strategy.

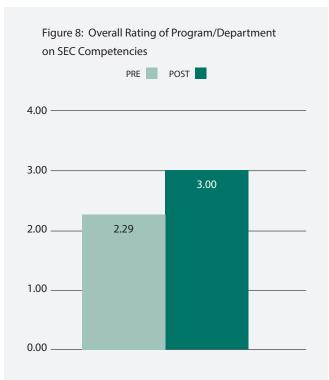
- Integrating SEC competencies into current teaching practices The teaching faculty at UC San Diego regularly integrate mindfulness practices into many of the credential courses, and the TEI Fellow reported that their teacher candidates take these practices into their own classrooms with middle and high school students. Many of these UC San Diego teacher candidates have reported that their K-12 students have asked for mindfulness practices before tests and quizzes. In San José State's secondary teacher education program, the TEI Fellow has students in her science methods course create design principles that include SEC competencies supported by examples and concrete strategies, and provides opportunities for teacher candidates to create inclusive lessons.
- Creating new courses or revised course syllabi/curricula to integrate SEC competencies TEI Fellows from the University of LaVerne designed and added a required major course to their undergraduate Child Development program that focuses specifically on SEL/CRT and on guiding children's behaviors. This new SEC course was informed by their work through the Institute. The TEI Fellow from University of the Pacific revised her curriculum theory course to include an examination of institutional and structural racism using Zaretta Hammond's book, *Culturally Responsive Teaching & The Brain*, which was a key piece of literature used throughout the Institute.
- Creating or revising tools and templates promoting integration of SEC competencies into teaching and learning At CSU, Long Beach, TEI Fellows created an observational tool to help colleagues provide feedback on one another's teaching practices using an "SEC lens," and at UC San Diego, they have revised their lesson plan template to provide candidates a place to document the specific SEC anchor competency(ies) they have chosen to incorporate into their lesson and the corresponding teacher moves they plan to utilize.
- Providing SEC training or support to university faculty, supervisors or cooperating teachers At CalState TEACH, TEI Fellows conducted a series of professional development sessions for faculty at system-wide and regional meetings. TEI Fellows from San José State University developed an opt-in study group among university supervisors that met monthly via Zoom<sup>™</sup> and explored issues of race, gender, sexuality and institutional oppression.
- Creating or convening formal or informal committees to discuss and work on SEC competencies TEI Fellows at Northeastern Illinois University (NEIU) convened a committee to conduct a needs assessment across the 10 different subprograms of their teacher preparation program to understand the baseline knowledge of faculty around SEC competencies.
- Assessing needs and practices related to SEC competencies across the program As noted above, NEIU conducted a program needs assessment as part of their work in the Institute. Through this assessment NEIU Fellows discovered that even though multiple programs at their university were engaging in a great deal of work around SEC competencies, there was no common language or framework being used across programs. As a result, they plan on conducting a series of professional development sessions to address the need for a common language and framework starting fall 2019. The TEI Fellow from the University of the Pacific used the SEC Anchor Competencies Program Matrix to identify where in her teaching program each of the seven Anchor Competencies were explicitly taught and used the Course/Module Matrix for California's SEC Teaching Performance Expectations to identify where and how the courses she teaches aligns with these expectations.
- Adopting an SEC framework UC San Diego's teacher preparation program adopted CRTWC's Anchor Competencies Framework, and using this framework, have revised a fall seminar course assignment using video case studies to focus on SEC as the theme.

- Adding SEC language into the program descriptions, and selection process of teacher candidates, supervisors, cooperating teachers and/or partner organizations and/or other institutional processes
   Four members of the accreditation committee at CalState TEACH are also TEI Fellows, and SEC competencies are being intentionally written into the program's accreditation documents.
- Hiring experts focused on integrating SEC competencies into their teacher preparation program UC San Diego hired an expert to lead an SEC strand of their Partners in Learning (PAL) course that focuses solely on SEC competencies and draws undergraduates from many different majors to work with youth around trauma and issues of poverty and homelessness. At CalState TEACH, the program is in the process of recommending an additional SEC faculty member to the curriculum committee.

The strategies as they are presented in this matrix (see figure 7 above) generally represent a vertical continuum from classroom-based strategies at the top of the list to increasingly more institutional strategies as one moves down the list. Although the order of these strategies is not necessarily chronological, classroom-based strategies could be considered lower risk as they are more feasibly utilized within the spheres of influence of TEI Fellows and do not require the buy-in of people in positions of power. As one moves further down the list, strategies become potentially more challenging to implement, requiring more buy-in from leadership, additional faculty and resources (e.g., time, funding, etc). As expected, nearly all TEI Fellows integrated SEC competencies into their current teaching practices and all but one revised their course curriculum to embed SEC competencies. At the bottom of the list, only 2-3 universities added SEC language into their program's institutional documents and processes and/or hired SEC experts to embed these competencies into their teacher preparation program. It is worth noting that more than half of the universities utilized strategies that went beyond their own classrooms and attempted to institutionalize SEC such as providing SEC training or support to faculty or staff, creating or convening committees or assessing program-wide needs around SEC-related content. The TEI provided the common language, framework, resources and support needed by TEI Fellows to move this work forward.

#### **Overall Rating of Department on SEC Anchor Competencies**

Findings from the Institutional Survey also addressed the extent to which Fellow Institutions believed their work through the Institute impacted their teacher preparation program. Institutions were asked to rate themselves overall on their work in social, emotional, and cultural competencies on a scale of 1 to 5. The scale was defined as 1=you haven't incorporated SEL/CRT into your program yet but hope/plan to; 2=your department and/or faculty have a few disconnected SEL/CRT efforts (e.g., a course, faculty member who participates in SEL professional development); 3=you are aiming to integrate SEL/CRT throughout your program but are just getting started; 4=you have started making SEL/CRT a core theme of your program; and 5=SEL/CRT is well-integrated as a core theme of your program. Ratings at pre and post show a positive trend. However, due to the small sample size, statistical tests were not conducted.



Source: 2018-2019 Teacher Educator Institute Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys for Universities/Teaching Programs (N=7)

"Participating in the TEI brought to light the changes that we need to bring to our program."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

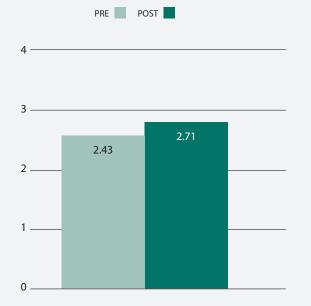
"We have heightened awareness and the curriculum committee has begun incorporating SEL/CRT throughout the curriculum. It is also a goal of the Continuous Improvement and Assessment Committee. We also have the support of administration to integrate SEL/CRT."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

#### Proportion of Faculty that Embrace SEC Competencies as a Core Part of Teaching and Learning

One proxy for the integration of social, emotional, and cultural competencies into teacher preparation programs is the extent to which faculty view these competencies as a core part of teaching and learning. The Institutional Survey asked, "What proportion of your faculty would you say embrace SEL/CRT as a core part of teaching and learning?" The 5-point scale was defined as: 1=few or none of the faculty; 2=between a quarter or half of the faculty; 3=about half of the faculty; 4=most of the faculty; and 5=nearly all of the faculty. Again, the results here are positive but inconclusive on their own due to the small sample size.





Source: 2018-2019 Teacher Educator Institute Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys for Universities/Teaching Programs (N=7)

"TEI raised awareness of the importance of SEL and raised awareness of the connections between SEL and CRT. It was stated in our CTC/ accreditation docs that we would use what we learned through TEI and the CRTWC anchor competencies."

#### -2018-2019 TEI Fellow

"TEI has been the driving force for us to follow through with what we knew was important. TEI has helped us formally address integration of social, emotional, and cultural competencies into the program."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

"TEI benefits instructional delivery as it pertains to TPEs, CCSS and SEL/CRT."

-2018-2019 TEI Fellow

#### Adoption of SEC Anchor Competencies Framework

Three of the seven participating institutions adopted the SEC Anchor Competencies Framework. Two universities had adopted the SEC Framework at pre, and this number increased by one at post. Additional tools that had been adopted and were being used in courses or across teacher preparation programs at post since the program's participation in the TEI included:

- An Elementary Education Observation Tool
- Innovation Configurations Tool to evaluate syllabi for SEL and CRT
- · Observation protocol to evaluate for SEL and CRT
- Assignments for seminar that ask candidates to videotape a lesson, analyze the recording with an SEC lens and write a reflective piece identifying the anchor competencies and teacher moves from the SEC framework

# Change in Integration of SEC Competencies Across Various Dimensions of Teacher Preparation Programs

The Institutional Survey posed a series of questions asking groups to rate their teacher preparation programs on the various ways that SEC competencies were being integrated. Again a 5-point scale was used, and this time the scale was defined as 1=not at all; 2=a little; 3=a moderate amount; 4=a lot; and 5=a great deal. The weighted averages across all SEC dimensions showed positive trends across all question items, increasing from a range of 0.28 to 0.86. The greatest increases were found in providing SEC training/support to faculty and supervisors, and making specific connections between SEL and CRT.

#### Figure 10: Ratings of Teacher Preparation Program SEC Dimensions

	Average at PRE	Average at POST	Change PRE to POST
Provides SEC training/support to faculty and supervisors	1.57	2.43	0.86
Program makes specific connections between SEL and CRT	1.71	2.57	0.86
SEC is mentioned in program application and/or interviews with prospective teacher candidates	2.00	2.83	0.83
Provides SEC training/support to cooperating teachers	1.14	1.86	0.72
Courses and fieldwork are aligned to state mandates related to SEC	2.57	3.29	0.72

	Average at PRE	Average at POST	Change PRE to POST
Leadership understands the value of SEC and is committed to integrating it into program	3.71	4.43	0.72
SEC is mentioned in program description	2.00	2.57	0.57
Intentional partnerships with schools/districts that promote SEC	1.71	2.00	0.29
SEC approach is considered in selection process for cooperating teachers	1.71	2.00	0.29
Provides informal opportunities for teacher candidates to discuss SEC issues	1.43	1.71	0.28

### **Meeting K-12 Teacher Preparation Program Standards**

Supporting teacher preparation programs to meet state standards as they relate to SEC competencies is one of the long-term desired outcomes of the Institute. One question on the Institutional Survey asked, "Has your team's participating in the TEI helped your program meet your state's teacher preparation program standards as they related to SEL/CRT? If so, how?" Six of the seven institutions reported that work was being completed to build the foundations toward meeting this broader goal. Specific resources from the TEI that supported achieving this goal were noted, including the use of a "common language" through the Anchor Competencies Framework, and examples of teacher moves and videos.

# IMPACT OF THE TEI ON THE FIELD OF TEACHER EDUCATION

During the final retreat, representatives from each participating university came together for a focus group to discuss their experience with the TEI as it related to leverage points needed to create institutional change and the challenges and lessons that had been learned through the process. Themes that emerged from this focus group are presented below. These themes also mirrored the responses from the Institutional Survey, which asked a series of similar questions and reflected the thoughts and ideas across all TEI Fellows.

#### Leverage Points in Creating Institutional Change

Findings from the TEI focus group and surveys point to four key leverage points that are critical to creating institutional change as it relates to teacher preparation program development of social, emotional, and cultural competencies. These leverage points fall into four main areas:

- **Buy-in and support of high-level leadership:** TEI Fellows identified the importance of having the buy-in of high-level leadership at the director/dean level or above as well as other influential leaders who not only understand the depth of SEC issues but are also willing to take the time and expend resources needed to do the work. The word "courageous" was used to describe the type of leaders needed to build social, emotional, and cultural competencies within institutions so that "when the work gets hard and interpersonal issues arise, they are willing to push people beyond their comfort zone and stay committed to the work."
- Cultural buy-in from the majority of the faculty: TEI Fellows described a "fundamental cultural shift" that needs to happen in order for meaningful institutional change to occur. This cultural buy-in goes beyond "talking the talk" and includes a shared understanding and common goals related to social, emotional, and cultural competencies, overcoming any internal resistance to this work and a sustained focus on these efforts over time. It also fosters the creation of a "safe environment" where people trust one another, their opinions are valued and they are better able to take risks to discuss the challenging issues that often arise related to social, emotional, and cultural competencies.
- Institutional and state-level policies and mandates: Participants discussed the importance of social, emotional, and cultural competencies being reflected in institutional policies and practices such as the organization's mission statement, as part of its philosophical approach and/or consideration in merit reviews. The mandatating of SEC competencies in state teacher preparation expectations has been a driving force for many teacher preparation programs to institutionalize these changes.
- **Commitment of resources:** As is the case with any impactful initiative, institutions must commit resources such as time and funding to build the knowledge and tools necessary to meaningfully integrate social, emotional, and cultural competencies into their teacher preparation programs. Further, this work needs to be done not only by faculty and teacher candidates, but also by all collaborative partners including school districts, university supervisors and teacher candidate mentors.

#### **Lessons Learned**

In addition to these four leverage points, Fellows offer several lessons learned throughout the process of implementing strategies to build SEC competency in their teacher preparation programs.

- Competing priorities that exist in university or other program settings can impede progress. There are a number of competing priorities that exist at any point in time in university or other settings related to teacher preparation programs including accreditation, funding and other institutional or program-wide initiatives, and these often trump efforts related to developing SEC competencies. This proves to be one of the challenges in moving SEC competencies integration forward.
- There is a need for a common language and framework related to SEC competencies. In order for institutional change to occur, there must be a common language that defines what social, emotional, and cultural competencies are and how to apply them in the classroom. Although many educators already use social, emotional, and cultural competencies in their classroom, they must be explicitly identified in order for these competencies to be effectively developed. CRTWC provides a useful framework through their SEC Anchor Competencies Framework and Guide.
- Faculty and staff are at various starting points in developing their SEC competencies. Teacher educators and staff who support these teacher education programs are at various starting points when it comes to developing their own social, emotional, and cultural competencies, and this can create a challenge for collectively moving this work forward. Some question the very validity of social, emotional, and cultural competencies as being non-academic and therefore, trivial. Others may value these competencies but lack understanding, as they have not had the opportunity to build their own competencies, and/or are not equipped to model them for teacher candidates. Still others have various misconceptions and misunderstandings of what these competencies are and how to practice them in the classroom.
- Efforts to create institutional change must be sustained over time. Unlike some of the content-related add-ons and standards that have been integrated into teacher preparation program curricula in the past, institutionalizing SEC competencies is a long-term endeavor that requires committed work over time. Said one focus group participant, "...it's not a one and done." There must be continual assessing and revisiting of SEC competency integration and how it is reflected in the classroom.
- SEC competencies are most effectively developed through creation of and participation in a professional learning community. TEI Fellows agreed that having a professional learning community either inside or outside one's own university setting is critical in building one's SEC competencies in order to model these competencies, and in turn, create a professional learning community for teacher candidates. This is particularly important when the program does not have cultural or leadership buy-in. Furthermore, Darling-Hammond's 2017 research on effective teacher professional development supports this conjecture.
- There is a need to align this work across all educators and their practices within teacher preparation programs. Creating genuine institutional change means that all educators and their practices within the continuum of support of the teacher preparation program are aligned including the work that happens with partner school districts, mentor teachers and university supervisors. Some of the barriers to this include negative historic relationships, disparate and siloed systems, and challenges in recruiting like-minded mentors and supervisors.
- There is a need for data and evidence that show the impact of building SEC competencies among teacher candidates. Findings from the surveys, focus group and interviews reflect the need for research that contributes to a deeper understanding of how building social, emotional, and cultural competencies impacts the teachers who utilize these strategies and the K-12 students they teach.

### **Disseminating Findings and Contributing to the Field of Teacher Education**

As interest in social, emotional, and cultural competencies grows, one of the long-term outcomes of TEI has been to share its findings and learnings from this work with the broader ecosystem of universities and other teacher educators. This outcome is coming to fruition as CRTWC has been invited to share its work at state, national, and international forums, reflecting a hunger from the field for this knowledge. Findings from this report and the Cohort One Follow-Up Study will contribute to the dissemination of this collective body of knowledge through various channels including education media outlets, webinars and presentations. Following is a list of recent past and future presentations:

- International Conference on Learning (July 24, 2019, Belfast, Ireland)
- Sanford Aspire Webinar (August 2019)
- *Teacher Education Quarterly* Special Edition on Social Emotional Learning and Culturally Responsive and Sustaining Teaching Practices, Nancy Markowitz as Guest Co-Editor (October 2019)
- CASEL Social Emotional Learning Exchange (Oct 2-4, 2019, Chicago, IL)
- California Council on Teacher Education (CRTWC's Executive and Assistant Directors are Keynote Speakers) (Oct 17-19, 2019, San Diego, CA)
- California State University Webinar (November 2019)
- American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education (Feb 28-March 1, 2020, Atlanta, GA)
- American Educational Research Association (April 17-21, 2020, San Francisco, CA)
- CRTWC's Executive Director is co-author of a book for Harvard Education Press that is currently being completed and expected to be available in spring 2020.

#### **CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Both quantitative and qualitative data from this 2018-2019 evaluation study provide evidence that the TEI was an effective program model with significant impact on the participating Fellows, larger university setting in which they work, and potentially the broader field of teacher education. More specifically, the Institute was effective in meeting its original program goals and objectives by increasing Fellow knowledge and application of SEC competencies. TEI Fellows used several strategies to build SEC competencies in their respective teacher preparation programs including both classroom-based and institutional strategies that required them to take risks and influence others beyond their own classroom settings. Quantitative data from the Institutional Survey found positive trends in group perceptions of their department's work on SEC, of the proportion of faculty embracing SEC as a core part of their teaching and learning, and across a range of ways that SEC integration could be demonstrated. Despite the competing demands and numerous challenges that TEI Fellows faced in their respective university settings, they felt that their engagement in the Institute was worthwhile, significant and meaningful, particularly the dialogue and collaboration that occurred as a result of the Institute's learning community, which emerged as a key highly valued feature of the TEI experience. Moreover, most Fellows wish to continue their engagement in the TEI community in some form.

In addition to providing understanding about the impacts of the TEI, this study offers a number of insights about key leverage points, challenges and lessons learned from this unique group of teacher educators who spent a year working to develop their own SEC competencies in addition to embedding these competencies within their programs and institutions. Given these insights, this report offers the following recommendations for funders, administrators, teacher educators and other stakeholders to continue to advance this work:

- Facilitate ongoing sharing of SEC-related scholarship, conferences, journals and resources. Plans for CRTWC to disseminate its revised SEC Anchor Competencies Framework and Guide and the findings from the 2018-2019 evaluation have already been discussed in the section above. In addition, TEI Fellows from both Cohort One and Cohort Two have suggested the need for a shared electronic repository of SEC-related resources, curricula, syllabi, tools and other materials and artifacts that they and other interested stakeholders can continue to access. They would like CRTWC to facilitate the sharing of resources on SEC competencies through building such a repository.
- Develop a consortium of TEI Fellows that grows over time. Consider continuing to use Zoom<sup>™</sup> or other virtual meeting platforms that allow Fellows to discuss their work, different roadblocks they are facing and how they are mitigating them, as well as new research or developments in the field related to SEC competencies. As part of this consortium, consider periodic face-to-face meeting opportunities at educational conferences or other events to continue dialoguing and networking.
- Conduct a broad assessment of needs and resources available related to SEC competencies across the continuum of teacher professional development. As interest in developing social, emotional, and cultural competencies among educators and students grows, a broader assessment of the needs and resources available at the state and national levels is needed. This assessment should take place across the continuum of educator preparation, from preservice to beginning and inservice/veteran teacher training in order to ensure that all educators are receiving consistent messaging and coordination of services.
- Identify guidelines for integrating SEC competencies into teacher preparation programs including examples of classroom-based and institutional strategies. Guidelines should include the four key leverage points to institutional change that were discussed on page 27 of this report, challenges faced and how teacher educators have overcome these difficulties, and lessons learned from teacher educators who have been committed to integrating SEC into their teaching practices, programs and institutions.

• Conduct research on the downstream impact of building social, emotional, and cultural competencies among teachers and students. The following are a number of research questions that may further the field's understanding of SEC. What are the impacts on classroom teachers who have developed their social, emotional, and cultural competencies as part of their preparation and how do they apply these competencies in their classrooms? Do SEC competent teachers have greater retention, resilience and/or job satisfaction? What are the differences, if any, in the academic and non-academic achievement of students taught by SEC-competent teachers versus teachers who do not apply SEC competencies? These questions and others should be studied to measure the long-term impact of integrating SEC competencies as part of teaching and learning.

The original intent of the Silver Giving Foundation's generous grant to support the Teacher Educator Institute was to investigate whether or not institutional change was possible in teacher education programs using the integration of social, emotional, and cultural competencies as a case study. Contrary to the commonly held belief that teacher preparation programs are immutable, findings from this Cohort Two study suggest that change is possible within institutions with the right levers in place, and that this change is happening in teacher preparation programs across the country. A closer examination within and across these settings reveals a consistent finding, that there is a small group of committed individuals who are passionate about the critical importance of modeling and developing social, emotional, and cultural competencies in teaching and learning, working within contexts that have buy-in of high-level leadership, cultural buy-in by the majority of faculty, institutional or state-level mandates or policies that support the change they are seeking, and the commitment of resources to work toward this change. Additionally, data from the Cohort One Follow-Up Study provide further evidence of the necessity of these components and examples of what happens when these components are either present or absent. One TEI Fellow's take-away from her experience of the Institute reflects this sentiment poignantly:

"You can change the mindset of those that are resistant. Faculty need to be on board and model [SEC competencies] for our teacher candidates. Because of the baby steps we are taking with social, emotional, and cultural competencies, the work of our candidates is more purposeful and meaningful."

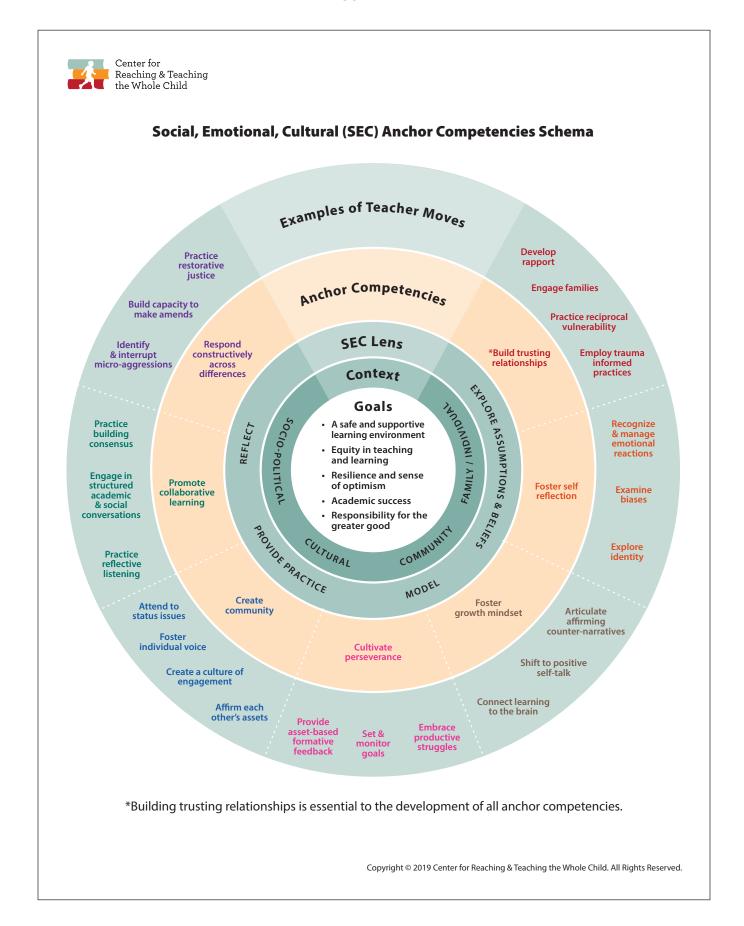
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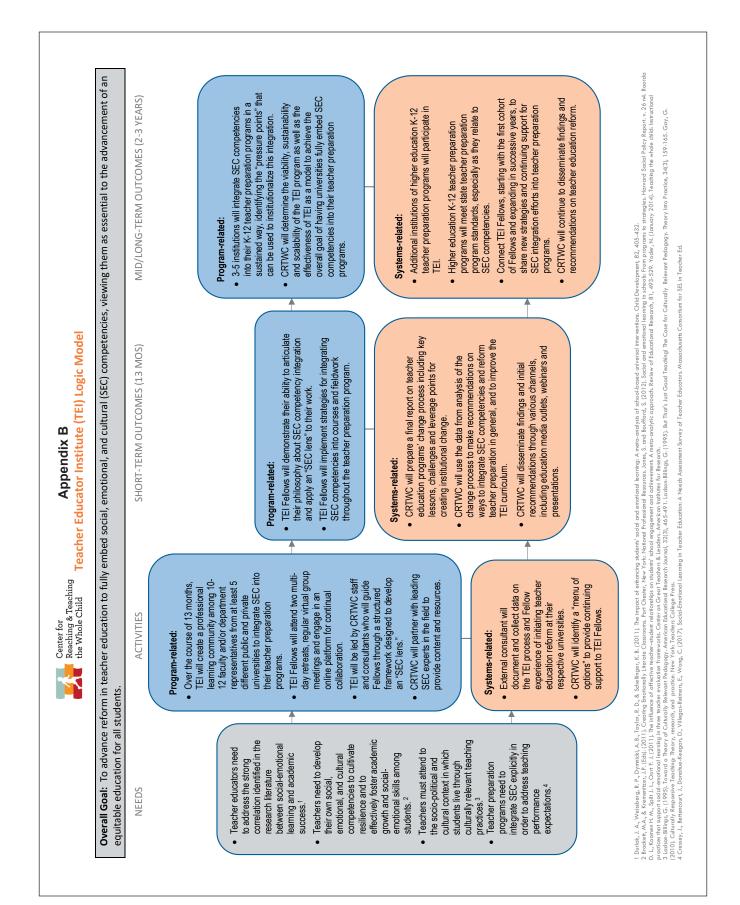
# LIST OF APPENDIXES

Appendix A: Center for Reaching and Teaching the Whole Child Anchor Competencies Framework
Appendix B: Teacher Educator Institute Program Logic Model
Appendix C: 2018-2019 TEI Teacher Preparation Programs and Descriptions
Appendix D: TEI Fellow Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys
Appendix E: TEI Institutional Baseline and Follow-Up Surveys

#### **Appendix A**



# **Appendix B**



# Appendix C

# 2018-2019 TEI Teacher Preparation Programs and Descriptions

University/ Program Name	Description of Teacher Preparation Programs
Northeastern Illinois University (NEIU)	NEIU's College of Education has six departments including Counselor Education, Educational Inquiry and Curriculum Studies, Health Science and Physical Edu- cation, Literacy Leadership and Development, Special Education and Teacher Education. Each of these departments has been involved in developing social, emotional, and cultrual competencies with the exception of the program's Coun- selor Education department.
CalState TEACH	CalState TEACH, a California State University program, is an alternative online, site-based teacher education program for individuals with a Bachelor's degree who wish to obtain a Multiple Subject Teaching Credential. CalState TEACH is designed for the working but not-yet-credentialed teachers, individuals desiring a career change to teaching, and other persons wanting to teach. The CalState TEACH program utilizes a variety of technologies to provide the knowledge and skills necessary for professional classroom teachers. With a combination of self-study, online support, and personal coaching and support, the CalState TEACH student earns a Multiple Subject Preliminary Credential.
California State University, Long Beach	CSU Long Beach represents one of the largest teacher credential programs in California. The university has three major programs and a couple of smaller residency programs. Its largest program is its single subject program (three courses embedded in the College of Ed, and other subject area courses are spread across departments throughout the university), and it also has a Special Education Program, a Multiple Subject Credential Program and two Residency Programs including Urban Dual Credential (Multiple subject/Educational specialist credentials) and UTEACH Programs (Multiple subject credentials). Students progress at different rates within each program, and many of the students are not cohorted in the different programs.
San José State University	San José State's Primary and Secondary Education Programs are housed in the Teacher Education Department in the College of Education. Teacher Candidates in the Primary/Multiple Subject Credential Program have two options: 1) Master's and credential, and 2) credential only. The Program is three semesters includ- ing two semesters in the classroom. Teacher Candiates in the Secondary/Single Subject Credential Program take the majority of their courses in the College of Education. However, methods courses are housed within each discipline's depart- ment. The Single Subject Credential Program is three semesters, including two semesters in the classroom. Students pursuing a science teaching credential have the option to obtain a Master's in Science Education offfered through the Science Education Program in the College of Science. Science Teacher Candidates can obtain their MA in Science Education and credential in four semesters.

# Appendix C

University of California San Diego	UC San Diego's teacher preparation program is a centralized program within the university's Department of Education Studies. The university offers other doctoral programs in that department but in terms of credentials, they offer a Single Subject Preliminary with M.Ed., Multiple Subject Preliminary with M.Ed., and MA in ESL program. Students in the multiple subject program are student teachers, and secondary level can be paid interns, student teachers, or residency program. The teacher preparation program is a two-year program. Students can complete their first year as an undergraduate senior and their second as a graduate student, or they can come complete both years of graduate study through the teacher preparation program.
University of La Verne	TEI Fellows from the University of La Verne were both affiliated with the Undergraduate Child Development Program. Roughly a third of this program's students go on to the Teacher Education Program at the university. The other relevent undergraduate major is Education Studies, and more than half of these students go on to La Verne's Teacher Education Program within one year of graduation.
University of the Pacific	University of the Pacific's School of Education offers a BA, an MA and Doctoral degrees. There are campuses in both Stockton and Sacramento. For the BA degree, students can receive a traditional 4-year BA plus credential. The school also has a 12 month post-BA credential program that is both for single and multiple subjects, an intern program and is in the process of creating a new residency program for some districts that have special education. All multiple subject students get a BA in Liberal Studies. The program also has external partners that offer credential programs such as the Bay Area Teacher Training Institute.

1. Please tell us your name, title and home university/teacher preparation program.         First and Last Name:         Title:         University/Teacher         Preparation Program         2. In your own words, how do you define the following?         Social Enotional Learning:         Culturally Responsive         Teaching:         3. On a scale of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own level of knowledge and understanding of SEL and how to apply SEL in your teaching and learning practices?         0=No knowledge of SEL or how to apply them to my own teaching and learning own teaching and learning national about integrating SEL concepts but not sure own teaching and learning own teaching and learning and learning national about integrating of SEL and intentional about integrating of SEL and intentional about integrating of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         6-No knowledge of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         6-No knowledge of CRT or apply it to my teaching and learning of CRT and intentional about integrating CRT into my teaching and learning         0=No knowledge of CRT or apply it to my teaching and learning integrating CRT into my teaching and learning	First and Last Name:	20	018-2019 Teacher Educato Baseline Survey for Fe		
First and Last Name:	First and Last Name:				
Title:	Title:	-		preparation program.	
University/Teacher         Preparation Program         2. In your own words, how do you define the following?         Social Emotional Learning         Culturally Responsive         Teaching:         3. On a scale of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own level of knowledge and understanding of SEL and how to apply SEL in your teaching and learning practices?         0=No knowledge of SEL or SEL or SEL concepts but not sure SEL-related concepts       50=Basic understanding of of SEL and intentional about integrating SEL consistently into teaching and learning mattices?         4. On a scale of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         S0=Basic knowledge of SEL CONCEPTS         0=No knowledge of SEL or SEL or SEL concepts but not sure own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply them to my own teaching and learning practices         0=No knowledge of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         0=No knowledge of CRT or apply it to my teaching and about integrating CRT into	University/Teacher         Preparation Program         2. In your own words, how do you define the following?         Social Emotional Learning         Culturally Responsive         Teaching:         3. On a scale of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own level of knowledge and understanding of SEL and how to apply SEL in your teaching and learning practices?         0=No knowledge of SEL or SEL or SEL concepts but not sure SEL-related concepts       50=Basic understanding of of SEL and intentional about integrating SEL consistently into teaching and learning mattices?         4. On a scale of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         S0=Basic knowledge of SEL CONCEPTS         0=No knowledge of SEL or SEL or SEL concepts but not sure own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply them to my own teaching and learning practices         0=No knowledge of 1 to 100, how would you rate your own knowledge and understanding of CRT and how to apply CRT in your teaching and learning practices?         0=No knowledge of CRT or apply it to my teaching and about integrating CRT into				
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		100=Deep understanding	
	50=Basic understanding of	of SEL and intentional	
0=No knowledge of SEL	or how to apply them to my	about integrating SEL consistently into teaching	
SEL-related concepts	own teaching and learning	and learning practices	
$\bigcirc$			
0=No knowledge of CRT CRT-related concepts	CRT but not sure how to or apply it to my teaching and learning	of CRT and intentional about integrating CRT into my teaching and learning	
4. On a scale of 1 to 100, how CRT?	w would you rate your own under	rstanding of the relationship t	petween SEL a
		100=Deep understanding	
0=SEL and CRT are	50=SEL and CRT are related but not sure	of how SEL and CRT are related and the importance	
not related	how	of integrating the two	
		0 0	

5. The next set of questions have to do with what you thought of various aspects of the retreat that you just completed.

	Not at all useful	A little useful	Somewhat useful	Very useful	Extremely useful	N/A
To what extent did this retreat help you respond to the challenges of integrating SEL/CRT into your courses?	$\circ$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
To what extent did this retreat help you respond to the challenges of integrating SEL/CRT into your teacher preparation program?	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Were the videos presented at the retreat useful in moving your thinking forward about integrating SEL/CRT?	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Was the lesson presented at the retreat on culturally responsive literature amends useful in moving your thinking forward about integrating SEL/CRT?	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
To what extent was there a helpful balance between providing guided practice and new information, with time to reflect and process?	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

6. The remaining questions in this survey have to do with your thoughts and opinions about the Institute as a whole.

Based on your own experience as a participant of the Teacher Educator Institute (TEI), on a scale of 1 to 5 with 1=not at all effective and 5=extremely effective, to what extent do you feel that the Institute was effective in meeting its original goals?

	Not at all effective	A little effective	Somewhat effective	Very effective	Extremely effective
Promote attention to integration of both teacher and student social-emotional skills development within ongoing courses/program	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Provide understanding of, and ability to use CRTWC Anchor Competencies Schema, Resource Guide and Reference list to guide <u>course revisions</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Provide understanding of, and ability to use CRTWC Anchor Competencies Schema, Resource Guide and Reference list to guide fieldwork revisions	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Provide understanding of, and ability to use CRTWC Anchor Competencies Schema, Resource Guide and Reference list to guide programmatic revisions (e.g, common tool)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Develop participants' ability to use an "SEL/CRT lens" to guide their instructional practice	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Provide resources created by CRTWC to integrate SEL/CRT into participants' K-8 teacher preparation programs	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Provide strategies and support to institutionalize SEL/CRT into participants' teacher preparation programs	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$		$\bigcirc$	0
Share learnings and strategies used by other teacher preparation programs to integrate SEL/CRT practices	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

7. Based on your own experience as a participant of TEI, on a scale of 1 to 5 with 1=not at all useful and 5=extremely useful, to what extent did you find the following aspects of the Institute useful in deepening your understanding and application of the SEL/CRT lens?

	Not at all useful	A little useful	Somewhat useful	Very useful	Extremely useful	N/A
Retreat #1 (August 2018)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Zoom Meeting #1 (Practice using an SEL/CRT lens with English Language Learners: Video Analysis)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Zoom Meeting #2 (Practice using an SEL/CRT lens with a Teaching Case: A Story about Equity)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Zoom Meeting #3 (Sandy Holman's presentation on using a SEL/CRT lens to teach diverse students)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Zoom Meeting #4 (Practice using an SEL/CRT lens: Building a Belonging Classroom)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Individual program meetings with Wendy and Nancy to discuss your teacher preparation program's progress and challenges	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Retreat #2 (June 2019)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	
Being part of a learning community of like-minded educators working towards a common goal	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

Are there other aspects of the Institute not mentioned above that you found useful? If so, please comment.

8. What did you find to be the 1-2 most useful aspects of TEI?

9. What improvements would you make to the Institute? What would you suggest we add, subtract and/or adapt for our next TEI cohort? (Please consider retreats, zoom calls, materials, etc.)

10. One of the potential goals of TEI was to create a learning community extending beyond the life of the Institute to share SEL/CRT-related best practices and resources. Would you be interested in being part of such a learning community?

O Yes

O No

Not sure

Comments:

Contract to provide support for our university or teaching program Conference or in-person meeting with other TEI fellows Being part of a larger consortium of TEI fellows/alum that grows over time Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators Other (please specify)  12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators? Yes No Why or why not?  13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal experience in TEI? If so, please do so in the space provided below.	<ul> <li>Conference or in-person meeting with other TEI fellows</li> <li>Being part of a larger consortium of TEI fellows/alum that grows over time</li> <li>Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> <li>12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Why or why not?</li> <li>13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal</li> </ul>		Another group retreat
<ul> <li>Being part of a larger consortium of TEI fellows/alum that grows over time</li> <li>Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> <li>12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Why or why not?</li> <li>13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Being part of a larger consortium of TEI fellows/alum that grows over time</li> <li>Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> <li>12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Why or why not?</li> <li>13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal</li> </ul>		Contract to provide support for our university or teaching program
<ul> <li>Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> <li>12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Why or why not?</li> <li>13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators</li> <li>Other (please specify)</li> <li>12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Why or why not?</li> <li>13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal</li> </ul>		Conference or in-person meeting with other TEI fellows
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12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?         Yes         No         Why or why not?         13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal	12. Would you recommend participation in the the Teacher Educator Institute to other teacher educators?         Yes         No         Why or why not?         13. Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal		Being part of a Public or Closed Facebook Group made up of TEI fellows/alum and other like-minded educators
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		13	Is there anything else that hasn't been asked that you would like to share about your personal

1. Please tell us will		rogram vou roprocent		
		rogram you represent.		
2. Where would you	rate your department of	n its SEL/CRT work so	far? (select one)	
1=You haven't incor but hope/plan to.	rporated SEL/CRT into your p	program yet 4=You ha program.	we started making SEL/	CRT a core theme of y
SEL/CRT efforts (e.	and/or faculty have a few dis g. a course, a faculty membe professional development).		RT is well-integrated as ıram.	a core theme througho
3=You are aiming to program but are jus	o integrate SEL/CRT through t getting started.	out your		
4 Does your departs	ment have an SEL/CRT	framework that you a		0
4. Does your depart	ment have an SEL/CRT	framework that you ar	nd your faculty use?	
$\bigcirc$	adopt it? (e.g. CASEL, CRT\	$\bigcirc$		
adult SEL/CRT skills	t has an SEL/CRT fram s?	ework, does this frame	work specify a role	for development o
No	an SEL/CRT framework			
NI/A - we don't have				

		t Alot		N/A
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$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

7. Please describe any specific tools used in courses or across your teacher education program that focus on SEL/CRT? (observation protocols, lesson plan templates, etc.)

8. For each of the following SEL/CRT-related topics, please indicate if your program does not or does have a dedicated course and if the course is required. (Select one option for each row)

	We do not have a dedicated course on this topic	We have a dedicated course on this topic, but the course is not required	We have a dedicated course on this topic, and the course is required
Children's social and emotional development/SEL/"non-cognitive" skills	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
General child development	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Children's mental health and/or trauma	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Staff-student relationship building	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Classroom management	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Adult stress, wellness or resilience	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Culturally responsive pedagogy	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

9. How would you describe your department in terms of being ready or "ripe" for SEL/CRT integration?

10. What challenges do you anticipate in your department or university in integrating SEL/CRT?

11. What are *your department's* goals for participating in TEI this year? What are *your department's* desired outcomes at the end of this year?

	n university/teacher prep	baralion program you	represent.	
2. Where would you ra	ate your department on	its SEL/CRT work cu	urrently? (select one)	)
1=You haven't incorpo but hope/plan to.	prated SEL/CRT into your pro	ogram yet 4=You ha program	ave started making SEL/0	CRT a core theme of yo
SEL/CRT efforts (e.g.	nd/or faculty have a few disco a course, a faculty member v ofessional development).	$\bigcirc$	RT is well-integrated as gram.	a core theme throughou
3=You are aiming to i program but are just g	ntegrate SEL/CRT throughou jetting started.	it your		
4. Since participating	in TEI, has your teacher	r preparation program	n adopted an SEL/C	RT framework?
Yes		We had a TEI.	already adopted an SEL/	CRT framework coming
No If so, from where did you a	dopt it? (e.g. CASEL, CRTW	C, self-developed)		
5. If you answered yes skills?	s to the above, does this	s framework specify	a role for developme	nt of adult SEL/CR
Yes				

6. Since your teacher preparation program's participation in TEI, please list any*additional* tools that are being used in courses or across your teacher education program that focus on SEL/CRT (observation protocols, lesson plan templates, etc.)?

7. To what extent does each of the following statements accurately describe your teacher education program?

	Not at all	A little	A moderate amount	A lot	A great deal	N/A
Our program's leadership understands the importance and value of SEL/CRT and is committed to integrating SEL/CRT into our teacher education program.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program has aligned its courses and field work experiences to our state's TPEs related to SEL/CRT.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program makes specific connections between SEL and CRT.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program intentionally partners with schools or districts that are doing a good job promoting SEL/CRT in their students and/or staff.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program provides SEL/CRT-related training or support to faculty, including supervisors.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program provides SEL/CRT-related training or support to our cooperating teachers.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
In our selection process for cooperating teachers, we consider their approach to SEL/CRT and/or student relationships.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Our program provides informal opportunities for teacher candidates to talk about SEL/CRT issues. (e.g. conversation hour, brown bag lunches, etc.)	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
SEL/CRT is mentioned in our program description.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
SEL/CRT is mentioned in our program application and/or interviews with prospective teacher candidates.	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$

8. In the last ten months, in what one area has your teacher preparation program made the most significant progress on its SEL/CRT work? Please provide 1-2 concrete examples.

9. What were the top 1-3 challenges that your team faced in developing a deeper understanding and application of an SEL/CRT lens? How were these challenges addressed, if at all?

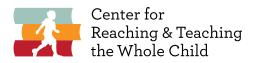
10. Has your team's participation in TEI helped your program meet your state's teacher preparation program standards as they relate to SEL/CRT? If so, how?

11. What are 1-3 take-aways that your team has learned about integrating an SEL/CRT lens into your teacher preparation program?

12. What, if anything, have your team members done to bring SEL and CRT together in your teacher preparation program, as opposed to keeping them separate?

13. Describe the impact, if any, that your team's participation in TEI has made on your teacher preparation program's integration of an SEL/CRT lens.

14. Please include any additional comments you would like to make about your teacher preparation program's participation in TEI.



#### Contact us

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